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Friday 27th November 2020

Prize Winners this week

Class 1: Eva for super sharing and Billy for fabulous phonics!

Class 2: Erin Quin for doing her homework, trying her best and being kind.

Class 3: Frankie for super engagement and listening in learning and being a team player.

Class 4: Keeley for her increasingly independent work in both English and Maths this week. Well done!

Class 1: This week we have been using lots of positional language across all areas. Ask your child to place things using before, after, between, next to, backwards, forwards, under and on top. In English we are now beginning to write I can captions and sentences. At this stage most children do need support to achieve this but you can help by allowing your child to write lists, their names or family member's names or the words from their reading and spelling. The children were very excited to learn that real astronauts take lots of different things into space with them. Our children's choices ranged from their teddies to cameras making a journey into space with them. You could have fun discussing with them the things you would take into space and why.

Class 2: This week we have been thinking about how different religions use light symbolically and we have made Christingles. We have written independently about what the different parts represent. In maths we have been revisiting place value, symmetry and number sequences as well as Christmas algebra.

Class 3: This week class 3 have explored the Iron Man story further and wrote newspaper articles about the Space-Bat-Angel-Monster. We looked at the features of newspapers and thought about how informative and interesting our articles could be. We also planned and performed a weather report on the S.B.A.M. by looking at different styles of reporting. In Art we have started a new project of moulding and modelling landscapes around the Iron Man, using Modroc. We had a super creative morning and used team work and crafting skills. Keep up the super homework and sending photos of work. Well done class 3!













Class 4: In Class 4 this week the juniors have been looking at changes in state and separating liquids and solids. We have also investigated how we can make crystals of different shapes and sizes (we are waiting for our slow evaporations to crystallise!). In English, we have been learning about science-fiction stories and after choosing our age range to write for we are discovering how we can use paper engineering to create movement and pop-ups in our books to enhance our stories.

























Just a reminder that we finish on Friday 18th December at 3:15pm. There will be no toy day on the last day of term to stop cross contamination due to covid-19. We restart on Tuesday 5th January 2021 at 8:50am.

Helping children and young people cope with stress during the pandemic

There are some key actions you can consider to support your child or young person's mental health and wellbeing during the pandemic, including:

Listening to and acknowledging their concerns. Children and young people may respond to stress in different ways. Signs may be emotional (for example, they may be upset, distressed, anxious, angry or agitated), behavioural (for example, they may become more clingy or more withdrawn, or they may wet the bed), or physical (for example, they may experience stomach aches).

Look out for any changes in their behaviour. Children and young people may feel less anxious if they are able to express and communicate their feelings in a safe and supportive environment. Children and young people who communicate differently to their peers may rely on you to interpret their feelings. Listen to them, acknowledge their concerns and give them extra love and attention if they need it.

<u>MindEd for families</u> is a free online educational resource on children and young people's mental health for all adults, which can support parents and carers through these exceptional circumstances.

Providing clear information about the situation. Children and young people want to feel assured that their parents and carers can keep them safe. One of the best ways to achieve this is by talking openly about what is happening and providing honest answers to any questions they have, using words and explanations that they can understand. Explain what is being done to keep them and their loved ones safe, including any actions they can take to help, such as washing their hands more often than usual.

There are resources available to help you do this, including the Children's Commissioner's <u>Children's Guide to Coronavirus</u>, or the Inter-Agency Standing Committee (IASC) have produced a <u>storybook developed by and for children around the world affected by COVID-19</u>.

Make sure you use reliable sources of information such as <u>GOV.UK</u> or the <u>NHS website</u> – there is a lot of misleading information from other sources that can create stress for you and your family. It will not always be possible to provide answers to all the questions that children and young people may ask, or to address all their concerns, so focus on listening and acknowledging their feelings to help them feel supported.

Being aware of your own reactions. Remember that children and young people often take their emotional cues from the important adults in their lives, so how you respond to the situation is very important. It is important to manage your own emotions and remain calm, speak kindly to them, and answer any questions they have honestly.

For further information on how to look after your own mental wellbeing during the pandemic, see the <u>guidance on how to look</u> after your own mental health and wellbeing or visit Every Mind Matters.

Connecting regularly. If it is necessary for you and your children to be in different locations to normal, make sure you still have regular and frequent contact via the phone or video calls with them. Try to help your child understand what arrangements are being made for them and why in simple terms.

Support safe ways for children and young people to connect with their friends. Where it isn't possible for them to meet in person, they can connect online or via phone or video calls. For more advice on helping your children stay safe online, see this guidance on staying safe online during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Creating a new routine. Life is changing for all of us for a while. Routine gives children and young people an increased feeling of safety in the context of uncertainty, so think about how to develop a new routine, especially if they are not at school:

- make a plan for the day or week that includes time for learning, playing and relaxing
- Schools have started to welcome back more children, but if they have to stay home from school, ask teachers what you can do to support continued learning at home. The Department for Education has <u>published a list of recommended online educational</u> resources for home schooling
- Encourage maintaining a balance between being online and offline and discover new ideas for activities to do from home if needed. The <u>Children's Commissioner guide</u> signposts to some ideas to help fight boredom
- Children and young people ideally need to be active for 60 minutes a day, which can be more difficult when spending longer periods of time indoors. Plan time outside if you can do so safely or see Change4Life for ideas for indoor games and activities
- don't forget that sleep is important for mental and physical health, so try to keep to existing bedtime routines
- It may be tempting to give children and young people treats such as sweets or chocolate but this is not good for their health, especially as they may not be as physically active as normal. See Change4Life for ideas for healthy treats
- children under 18 that do not live in the same household as their parents or someone with parental responsibility can be moved between their parents' homes to continue existing arrangements

Limiting exposure to media and talking more about what they have seen and heard. Like adults, children and young people may become more distressed if they see repeated coverage about the COVID-19 pandemic in the media. A complete news blackout is also rarely helpful as they are likely to find information from other sources, such as online or through friends. Try to avoid turning the television off or closing web pages when children or young people come into the room. This can pique their interest to find out what is happening and their imagination can take over. Instead, consider limiting the amount of exposure you and your family have to media coverage.

Young people will also hear things from friends and get information from social media. Talk to them about what is happening and ask them what they have heard. Try to answer their questions honestly but reassure where you can.